

الجُمْهُورِيَّة الجَزَائِرِيَّة اللَّدِمُقْرَاطِيَّة الشَّعْبِيَّة وَزَارَةُ التَّرْبِيَةِ الوَطَنِيَّة مُدِيرِيَّةُ التَّرْبِيَة - الجَزَائِروَسَط -مَدْرَسَةُ "الرَّجَاءِ وَالتَّفَوُّقِ" الخَاصَّة - بُوزَرِيعَة -



التّاريخ: 2023/12/06

المدّة: ساعة ونصف

Text:

اختبار الفصل الأوّل

المادّة: اللّغة الإنجليزية

المستوى: الرّ ابعة متوسّط

The Algerian Freedom Fighter Djamila Bouhired

One of the most famous and outstanding figures in the history of the Algerian revolution "Djamila Bouhired". She is an Algerian militant and freedom fighter. She was born in "El-Kasbah", Algiers on June 1935. She was born to an Algerian father and a Tunisian mother.

Djamila Bouhired started her national struggle against the French colonisation since a very young age. She joined the Algerian National Liberation Front (FLN) when the Algerian revolution broke out in 1954.

Djamila was a faithful, smart and courageous woman. She was the first volunteer to plant a bomb in the roads used by the French military occupation. Due to <u>her</u> European appearance, this brave freedom fighter was able to pass through the roadblocks set by the French authorities. She was also involved in the battle of Algiers <u>which</u> occured in 1957. On April 9th, 1957, Djamila Bouhired was arrested by the French army. Her imprisonment drew regional and international media attention. Many people marched in the streets and asked for her liberty. Following the pressure on the colonial French regime, she was released in 1962.

This self confident freedom fighter was an important part in the struggle for independence and the dignity of Algeria and is still a very significant figure that calls for protest to improve legal, social, political and economic situation of Algerian people particularly women's rights.

Adapted from: heroes of history. word press. Com

Part One: (14 pts)

Task One: Reading Comprehension (7 pts)

1) Match the dates with the corresponding events: (2 pts)

- June 1935	- Djamila a young militant in the (FLN)
- 1954	-Djamila was captured by the French Occupation
- April 9th, 1957	- Djamila got her liberty after streets protestation
- 1962	- Djamila's date of birth

2) <u>Answer the following questions</u>: (3 pts)

A/ Is Djamila Bouhired regarded as an important figure?

B/ Did many people protest against Djamila's imprisonment?

C/ What do the underlined words in the text refer to? her which

D/ Pick from the text four (4) adjectives describing Djamila Bouhired's personality.

a- b- c- d-

- 3) <u>Lexis</u>: (2 pts)
 - A/ Find in the text words that are closest in meaning to:

brave = liberty =

B/ Find in the text words that are opposite in meaning to:

faithless \neq arrested \neq

Task Two: Mastery of Language (7 pts)

1) <u>Fill in the gaps with the suitable words</u>: (2 pts) (because – and – therefore)

A/ Many freedom fighters did not accept the presence of the French occupation;....., they joined the revolution.

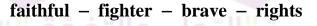
B/ The French colonisation imprisoned and tortured many Algerian people they wanted their land to be free.

2) Write the correct form of verbs in brackets: (3 pts)

- Hassiba Ben Bouali is one of the most famous women who (**to play**) a great role in the struggle against the French colonialism.

- These freedom fighters (to become) legendary heroes of the Algerian revolution because they (not / to betray) their country.

3) <u>Write the following words in the right box according to the pronunciation of the diphthongs /ei/ and /ai/: (2pts)</u>



/ei/	/ai/
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<u>Part Two</u>: Written Expression (6pts)

Many women participated in the Algerian revolution (1954 – 1962). Some are still alive and others died. One of them is the brave martyr "Hassiba Ben Bouali".

- > Write a short magazine <u>article</u> about her using the following information.
- **<u>Full name</u>:** Hassiba Ben Bouali.
- **<u>Role</u>:** Militant
- Date / Place of birth: January 18th, 1938 Chlef Algeria
- <u>**Personality features</u>**: Courageous thoughtful self confident loyal</u>

• <u>Important events in her life</u>: (1947: move to Algiers with her parents – 1954: join the scout movement – Join the general union of Algerian Muslim Students – 1954-1957: Participate in the Algerian revolution (Battle of Algiers)...)

• <u>Date / Place of death</u>: October 8th, 1957 / French bomb – hide out in Casbah – other militants.



الصَّفحة2من2

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